

A. Topics: Unit 7-8-9

RECIPES AND EATING HABITS

TOURISM

ENGLISH IN THE WORLD

B. Language input focus:

I/ Phonetics

- Pronunciation and stress of the words given in each lesson.
- Stress on pronouns in sentences
- Tones in statements used as questions.
- Stress on the verb “be” in sentences
- Tones in asking for information.
- Stress on content words in sentences
- Tones in new and known information.

II/ Use of language

1. Vocabulary

- Different dishes
- Ways of preparing and cooking
- Tourism, Compound nouns
- Languages, Language use and learning

2. Grammar

- Quantifiers: review
- Modal verbs in conditional sentences type 1
- Conditional sentences type 2: review
- Articles: other uses
- Relative clauses

PRACTICE TEST

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1: A. simmer B. grill C. whisk D. slice

Question 2: A. ultimate B. puree C. tunnel D. punctual

Question 3: A. exotic B. erode C. checkout D. decision

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 4: A. garnish B. shallot C. sprinkle D. starter

Question 5: A. original B. geography C. imperial D. stimulating

Question 6: A. affordable B. accessible C. destination D. magnificence

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 7: There’s use in complaining. They probably won’t do anything about it.

- A. a few B. a little C. no D. some

Question 8: If you pay a visit to Hue, you should once visit Lang Co beach where you can have the

most relaxing time and admire the natural beauty of_____.

- A. views B. panoramas C. sights D. landscapes

Question 9: For people in Cam Thanh Commune near Hoi An. the coconut wetlands provide fisheries,

a beautiful area for___as well as an ideal refuge for boats during heavy storms.

- A. tourist B. tour C. tourism D. tour guide

Question 10: A meal of Hue people has a natural combination between flavors and colors of dishes, which creates the unique _____ in the regional cuisine.

- A. feature B. part C. description D. list

Question 11: Eight o'clock is_____good time to phone Nick: he's always at home in_____evening.

- A. X - the B. a - the C. a - X D. a - an

Question 12: It's an important part of your cultural identity to keep your _____ in speaking English.

- A. skill B. vocabulary C. language D. accent

Question 13: I can just about get _____ in Italian.

- A. by B. without C. on D. in

Question 14: Trying to use a _____ dictionary less and switching to a monolingual one can help you to stop translating in your head when you are speaking or listening.

- A. bicentenary B. bilingual C. bi-monthly D. biannual

Question 15: If you spoke more slowly, he _____ you.

- A. understands B. would understandC. will understand D. understood

Question 16: We often visit our aunt in Norwich, _____ is in East Anglia.

- A. which B. where C. that D. what

Question 17: Some Vietnamese words are _____ from French.

- A. picked B. spoken C. hired D. borrowed

Question 18: Can you tell me what _____ I need to prepare to cook Pho?

- A. beverages B. facilities C. ingredients D. foods

Question 19: You need to _____ the potatoes before _____ them.

- A. slice - chopping B. chop - peeling C. marinate - chopping D. peel - chopping

Question 20: The professor was very interested in the _____ of cultures around the world.

- A. diversity B. diverse C. diversify D. diversifying

Question 21: She bought a _____ of bananas in the supermarket yesterday.

- A. loaf B. bunch C. stick D. clove

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 22: Laura: "Would you mind closing the window, Ben? It's getting cold."

Ben: "_____"

- A. No, of course not. B. Yes, I would.
C. Thanks. It's really encouraging. D. Sure.

Question 23: - "Can I take away your dish?"

- "Wait a minute. _____"

- A. I can't finish. B. I don't finish.
C. I have to finish D. I haven't finished

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 24: I got the teaching job in the Happy Child Charity Centre just by chance.

- A. accidentally B. purposefully C. easily D. immediately

Question 25: Smoking has been banned in public places in some countries.

- A. made illegal B. limited C. restricted D. given way

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 26: We are looking for camp helpers who are hard-working, energetic, and able to organise activities for young children.

- A. active B. dynamic C. passive D. reluctant

Question 27: Fruit and vegetables grew in abundance on the island. The islanders even exported the surplus.

- A. large quantity B. small quantity C. excess D. sufficiency

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 28: At first life was difficult for me because of I didn't understand English.

- A B C D

Question 29: There was a very interesting news on the radio this evening about the match.

- A B C D

Question 30: Mr. Thach who sing English songs very well is my teacher of English.

- A B C D

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

When you hear how I learned a foreign language, you have to remember a few things. In 1993, when I started learning English, no one had heard of the Internet. I wasn't able to read websites on topics that I found interesting or follow blogs. And I have no idea how I decided which movies to see without my favourite movie review website.

My reading practice was limited. All I had were a few books on sale locally. For listening practice, I only had the news and cartoons on cable TV. People bought and rented videos but in Poland there was no spoken English on them. The only way to hear that was to visit the movies.

My dictionaries were all in book form until I received my first PC dictionary. It came on at least six disks and had unhelpful explanations and few example sentences. It doesn't sound very useful but I loved it because of its ability to work with other programs and find English words more quickly. Today, computerized dictionaries have simple explanations and lots of examples. Now I can spend hours on the web, reading about my favourite topics, downloading **up-to-date** movies, emailing English-speaking friends and posting comments on forums.

Question 31: The writer says he doesn't know _____.

- A. where he bought English book online from B. which topics he found interesting
C. how he used to choose films to watch D. when he first heard about the internet

Question 32: To watch films in English, Polish people in the 1990s had to _____.

- A. rent films on videotape B. go to the cinema
C. watch TV for children D. have cable television

Question 33: The writer liked his first computer dictionary because it _____.

- A. found information at a faster speed B. was better than today's dictionaries
C. gave you useful example sentences D. came with other computer programs

Question 34: The word "up-to-date" means _____.

- A. latest B. longest C. oldest D. daily

Question 35: What is the writer trying to do in the text? _____.

- A. Compare two different ways of teaching a language.
B. Complain about the use of technology in language learning.
C. Explain how language learning materials have changed.
D. Encourage people to start learning in a foreign language

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Environment, housing, employment and nutrition are all factors that affect our quality of life. Health is, however, possibly the most important element. With good health, people can function to their fullest capacity and provide for those ...(36)... are incapable of providing for themselves - the elderly, the sick and children.

Health is not just the (37)..... of disease, though freedom from disease is of major importance. Health is the state of total physical, mental and social well-being. To be healthy, people need a reasonable ...(38)... of physical labour, a decent environment, which includes sanitation and clean water, a balanced, dear diet, and adequate rest.

In developing countries, diseases are not the only cause of high mortality rates. Unhealthy or exhausting work, crowded living conditions, too little food and a poor diet are also prime causes of the numbers of ...(39).... Providing basic health care and preventing and treating disease are primary goals today. Hygiene and imunization programs must be available to all. Health care ...(40)... everybody cannot be just a noble aim; it must be a basic human right.

Question 36: A. who B. which C. when D. people

Question 37: A. free B. without C. short D. absence

Question 38: A. time B. amount C. work D. dose

Question 39: A. die B. dead C. deaths D. deadly

Question 40: A. for B. with C. to D. without

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to complete each of the following sentences with the words or phrases given.

Question 41: *person/ strongly encouraged/ me/ learn English/ hard/ be/ my Literature teacher.*

- A. The person who strongly encouraged me to learn English hard was my Literature teacher.
- B. The person, who strongly encouraged me to learn English hard, was my Literature teacher.
- C. The person whom strongly encouraged me to learn English hard was my Literature teacher.
- D. The person who strongly encouraged me to learn English hard my Literature teacher.

Question 42: *Before/ take/ entrance exam/ he/ use/ suffer/ sleep difficulties.*

- A. Before take the entrance exam, he used to suffer from sleep difficulties.
- B. Before taking the entrance exam, he used to suffer from sleep difficulties.
- C. Before taking the entrance exam, he used to suffer with sleep difficulties.
- D. Before take the entrance exam, he used to suffer with sleep difficulties.

Question 43: *tourists/ have/ bad attitudes/ often/ throw/ lot/ rubbish/ make/ noises/ anywhere/ they/ go.*

- A. Tourists which have bad attitudes often throw a lot of rubbish and make noises anywhere they go to.
- B. Tourists who have bad attitudes often throw a lot of rubbish and make noises anywhere they go to.
- C. Tourists whom have bad attitudes often throw a lot of rubbish and make noises anywhere they go to.
- D. Tourists who have bad attitudes often throws a lot of rubbish and makes noises anywhere they go to.

Question 44: *amount/ money/ she/ save/ all/ life/ will/ donate/charities.*

- A. The amount of money she has saved all her life will donate to charities.
- B. The amount of money she has saved all her life will be donate to charities.
- C. The amount of money she has saved all her life will donated to charities.
- D. The amount of money she has saved all her life will be donated to charities.

Question 45: *Tam Dao/ family/ usually/ enjoy/ weekends/ be/ only/ about/ 30 kilometers/ far/ Hanoi.*

- A. Tam Dao, where my family usually enjoys our weekends, is only about 30 kilometers far away from Hanoi.
- B. Tam Dao where my family usually enjoys our weekends is only about 30 kilometers far away from Hanoi.
- C. Tam Dao, where my family usually enjoys our weekends, only about 30 kilometers far away from Hanoi.
- D. Tam Dao which my family usually enjoys our weekends only about 30 kilometers far away from Hanoi.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

Question 46: *The last time I travelled to Hong Kong was two years ago.*

- A. I haven't travelled to Hong Kong for two years ago.
- B. I have travelled to Hong Kong for two years.
- C. I haven't travelled to Hong Kong two years ago.
- D. I haven't travelled to Hong Kong for two years.

Question 47:

Despite his hunger, he turned down on any food that his mother cooked for him.

- A. Although he was hungry, he turns down on any food that his mother cooks for him.
- B. Although he was hungry, he turned down on any food that his mother cooked for him.
- C. Although he is hungry, he turned down on any food that his mother cooked for him.
- D. Although he was hunger, he turned down on any food that his mother cooked for him.

Question 48: *He has to get the IELTS certificate, so he has to go to this IELTS class.*

- A. If it is not for the IELTS certificate, he won't go to this IELTS class.
- B. If it were for the IELTS certificate, he would go to this IELTS class.
- C. If it were not for the IELTS certificate, he wouldn't go to this IELTS class.
- D. If it is for the IELTS certificate, he will go to this IELTS class.

Question 49: *I have a friend. Her mum is a volunteer worker.*

- A. I have a friend whose mum is a volunteer worker.
- B. I have a friend who mum is a volunteer worker.
- C. I have a friend whom mum is a volunteer worker.
- D. I have a friend, whose mum is a volunteer worker.

Question 50: *It is a camping shop. It has a lot of good equipment.*

- A. It is a camping shop which has a lot of good equipment.
- B. It is a camping shop who has a lot of good equipment.
- C. It is a camping shop, which has a lot of good equipment.
- D. It is a camping shop which has a lot of good equipments.