

Topics	Language input focus:		
	Phonetics	Vocabulary	Grammar
U7-8-9			
Environmental Protection	Sounds: /bl/ and /kl/	Environmental protection	Complex sentences with adverb clauses of time (when/as soon as/after....)
Shopping	Sounds: /sp/ and /st/	Shopping	- Adverbs of frequency (always/usually.....) - Present simple for future events.
Natural disasters	Stress in words ending in -al and -ous	- Types of natural disasters - Words describing natural disasters.	- Past continuous tense.

REFERENCE EXERCISES - N1

A. USE OF LANGUAGE

Find the word which is pronounced differently in the part underlined.

- A. environment B. campfire C. footprint D. dioxide
- A. carbon B. marine C. harmful D. enlarge
- A. resident B. diverse C. ecosystem D. contest

Mark the letter A, B, C or D that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.

- A. permit (v) B. process C. until D. reduce
- A. invitation B. environment C. participate D. unnatural

Choose A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

- We should not only _____ more trees but also put much more effort into protecting existing forests.
A. plant B. reduce C. stop D. cut down
- People all over the world are working to help save _____ animals from extinction.
A. danger B. endangered C. dangerous D. dangerously
- A(n) _____ is the total amount of greenhouse gases that are generated by our actions.
A. carbon footprint B. carbon dioxide C. global warming D. ecosystem
- The CCTV cameras are intended to reduce _____ in the area.
A. untidiness B. emptiness C. littering D. dropping
- Customers shouldn't use _____ products.
A. single-use B. single-used C. singled-use D. single-using
- You should look at both sides carefully _____ you cross the street.
A. until B. after C. as soon as D. when
- Around 7 million _____ of plants and animals exist on the Earth.
A. means B. classes C. styles D. species
- One of the _____ ways to reduce your carbon footprint is to walk, cycle or use public transport whenever you can.
A. effective B. effect C. effectively D. effectiveness

Find out and correct the mistake in the four underlined parts of each sentence.

14. Many factories and hospitals are dumping toxic substances with rivers and lakes.

- A. Many B. are dumping C. with D. lakes

15. Before we reduce the use of single-use products, we help protect the environment.

- A. Before B. reduce C. single-use products D. protect

Choose A, B, C or D that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

16. Many schools provide environment education to raise student's awareness of conservation needs.

- A. effort B. benefit C. exploitation D. knowledge

17. It was great to see monkeys in their natural habitat.

- A. sky B. home C. forest D. land

Choose A, B, C or D that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

18. The new laws to conserve wildlife in the area will come into force next month.

- A. pollute B. destroy C. eliminate D. protect

19. Many human activities harm natural habitats.

- A. non-living B. unpolluted C. clean D. man-made

Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to indicate the most suitable response to each of the following exchanges.

20. - Tom: _____ - Nam: I think it's a great idea.

- A. We did a great job. B. The wildlife series is on VTV3.
C. What do you think about our 3Rs project? D. What do you think about the environment?

21. - Nick: What should we do to reduce the use of clean water? - Mi: _____

- A. Turn off the tap tight. B. No, you shouldn't.
C. Educate children how to use clean water. D. I think it's easy.

B. READING

Read the passage and choose the best option (A, B, C, or D) to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Our planet is our home, the very home that shelters us. Here are some ways that you can do to protect our planet Earth.

1. Volunteer with environmental organisations

There are several ways in which you can (22) _____ the environmental community groups, from running online awareness campaigns to offering practical help like beach clean-ups and fundraising events.

2. Reduce and recycle paper

(23) _____ do you do with your old textbooks and storybooks that you do not use any more? Please donate them to juniors, or kids in your neighbourhood, or send them across to other areas where children have (24) _____ or no access to educational resources.

Similarly, recycling unwanted paper will reduce the raw material demand for paper (25) _____, thus conserving trees and forest ecosystems.

3. Save resources

Do you know that only 0.03% of the 70% of water available to us is fresh water? That's why saving water is so (26) _____ for freshwater ecosystems. By doing simple things like taking shorter showers, avoiding small clothes wash, and turning your taps off while brushing, you can save gallons of water!

22. A. join B. assist C. provide D. introduce
23. A. How B. Why C. Which D. What
24. A. little B. much C. many D. few
25. A. need B. transport C. use D. production
26. A. difficult B. expensive C. important D. easy

Read the passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions.

Environmental pollution has bad effects on people's health. These effects can be both short-term and long-term. If you feel uncomfortable with your nose, throat, eyes or skin in a few days, it means that you are suffering from

short-term effects of environmental problems. The long-term effects of air pollution may last for a couple of years or even for an entire lifetime. These effects include heart diseases, lung cancer or respiratory problems. Different people don't react the same way with the same effect. Young people may feel a little bit weaker. However, the old's health may become more serious and even die if **they** are in poor health condition. From the **negative** impacts, I believe it's time for all of us to take action to protect the environment to avoid unexpected consequences.

27. *What is the passage mainly about?*

- A. Environmental pollution: causes and effects.
- B. The causes of environmental pollution.
- C. The effects of environmental pollution on people's health.
- D. The effects of environmental pollution on people and other things.

28. *Which of the following statements is true?*

- A. These effects can be either short-term or long-term.
- B. Lung cancer is a short-term effect.
- C. You are suffering a long-term effect if you feel uncomfortable with your skin.
- D. Everybody reacts differently with the same effect.

29. *What does the pronoun "they" refer to?*

- A. Young people
- B. Old people
- C. People
- D. Effects

30. *What is the opposite of "negative"?*

- A. good
- B. bad
- C. dangerous
- D. safe

31. *How long does an effect of environmental pollution last?*

- A. A few days
- B. A couple of years
- C. Not long
- D. It depends

32. *Which of the following statements is NOT true?*

- A. Environmental pollution affects people's health badly.
- B. Long-term effects last longer than short-term ones.
- C. Heart disease is not an effect of environmental pollution.
- D. It's time for people to take actions to protect the environment.

C. WRITING

Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the sentence before it, using the word(s) given in brackets. Don't change the given word in any way.

33. Ice sheets and glaciers are shrinking. Sea levels are rising at the same time. (while)

34. I finish my study. I will take a walk in the park. (as soon as)

35. We have killed off all our marine life. We must not wait till then. (until)

36. The earthquake caused severe damage. It happened last week. (After)

Complete the second sentence with the cues given.

37. Remember/ avoid/ use/ single-use products.

38. The forests / disappear / if / cut down / too many trees.

39. You/ should/ turn off/ devices/ be not/ use/ them.

40. Water pollution/ affect/ marine life/ seriously.

REFERENCE EXERCISES – N2

A. USE OF LANGUAGE

Find the word which is pronounced differently in the part underlined.

1. A. particular B. supermarket C. popular D. document
2. A. addicted B. shopaholic C. assistant D. access
3. A. markets B. shopping bags C. stores D. goods

Mark the letter A, B, C or D that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress.

4. A. seller B. shopper C. attract D. enter
5. A. speciality B. economics C. shopaholic D. convenience

Choose A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

6. We bought some snacks at the _____ store at midnight. It serves us all the time.
A. retail B. department C. convenience D. online
7. As a _____, Jane loved looking for new clothes with her two daughters.
A. shopaholic B. shopkeeper C. shop assistant D. retailer
8. It has a _____ of more than \$2,000.
A. price control B. price tag C. price war D. priceless
9. We often go to an _____ swimming pool to enjoy sunlight.
A. open day B. open-ended C. open air D. open-air
10. Students are from a wide _____ of backgrounds.
A. limit B. distance C. range D. group
11. Duong bought a new pair of shoes during _____ and he could save a lot of money.
A. sales B. peak season C. low season D. promotion
12. Ann tried to _____ with the vendor and got the price down.
A. discuss B. request C. bargain D. demand
13. I _____ eat junk food because I know it's not healthy.
A. usually B. rarely C. always D. often

Find out and correct the **mistakes** in the underlined parts of each sentence.

14. I sometimes just go shopping a few times a year since I don't enjoy it.
A. sometimes just B. a few C. since D. it
15. The summer term will begin on April 10th, so you should carefully prepare for it.
A. will begin B. on C. carefully D. it

Choose A, B, C or D that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

16. Most mothers love shopping at the discount shops because they offer lower prices on all products.
A. increase B. reduction C. agreement D. extension
17. All the items have fixed prices on their price tag.
A. clothes B. drinks C. food D. goods

Choose A, B, C or D that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following sentences.

18. It's easy to waste time browsing online when shopping, isn't it?
A. protect B. conserve C. save D. spend
19. Window shopping filled me with excitement even though I didn't plan to buy anything.
A. enjoyment B. ugliness C. inattention D. boredom

Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) to indicate the most suitable response to each of the following exchanges.

20. - Duong: I'm afraid there is a slight problem with the service in your hotel. The electricity was cut off for nearly 2 hours during my stay here yesterday.
- Ms Ha: _____
A. I'm unhappy about your behavior.
B. I'm so sorry, but this will never happen again.
C. I'm pleased you're safe and sound.
D. Thank you for your encouragement.

21. - "Hello, I'd like to make a complaint about my internet service. - " _____ "

- A. Thank you for your service.
- B. I'm sorry to hear that, what is the problem?
- C. Help yourself.
- D. Your internet speed is very slow.

B. READING

Read the passage and choose the best option (A, B, C, or D) to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Looking for a convenient and fun place to shop? Check out Circle K, a popular convenience store chain that is recognized all over the world for its quality products and amazing customer service. With over 16,000 stores worldwide, it's no wonder that Circle K is a (22) _____ among teens and adults alike.

In Vietnam, Circle K is becoming more well-known. (23) _____ the first international convenience store chain in the country, it recently celebrated its 10th anniversary in 2018. With over 400 stores in cities like Ha Noi, Ha Long, Ho Chi Minh City, and more, Circle K is the perfect place to grab a snack or (24) _____ some essentials.

At Circle K, the shop attendants are always ready to provide an exciting, enjoyable, and safe shopping (25) _____ for customers. With a wide selection of quality products, services, and delicious food items, Circle K has everything you need for a great day out.

The store also offers a loyalty program called Easy Rewards, which (26) _____ customers to earn points for every purchase made at their stores. These points can be redeemed for discounts on future purchases, making Circle K an even more attractive option for (27) _____ shoppers.

(Adapted from: <https://www.circlek.com.vn/en/about-us/>)

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| 22. A. favourite | B. hobby | C. attraction | D. option |
| 23. A. Like | B. With | C. As | D. Along |
| 24. A. look up | B. set up | C. make up | D. pick up |
| 25. A. situation | B. experience | C. status | D. activity |
| 26. A. lets | B. makes | C. allows | D. tells |
| 27. A. usual | B. common | C. ordinary | D. regular |

Read the passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions.

Viet Nam has a reputation for its low living costs. Thus, people, especially travellers can shop for quality goods. People can shop in various kinds of shops, from big shopping malls to street stores. There is a variety of different items such as clothes, silk, jewellery, handicrafts to offer.

The top places for shopping in Viet Nam include street night markets, supermarkets and shopping centres. Ha Noi Night Market, for example, can give shoppers unique experiences of a night market. They can also enjoy various kinds of delicious street food such as bun thang, La Vong grilled fish, pho, banh mi, and bun cha. Other items up for sale are T-shirts, handicrafts, accessories, shoes, sunglasses and souvenirs, which shoppers can buy at prices as low as 25 per cent of the originally quoted prices. Takashimaya - a famous shopping centre in Ho Chi Minh City - offers the best products from Japan, Europe and North America right in the heart of the city. Aeon Mall in Ha Noi, which hosts four storeys of stores ranging from jewellery and cosmetics to shoes and clothing from top brands of the world, is another example of an ideal shopping centre for people coming here. Remember that bargaining is a must-learn skill here, especially in some local markets. You will be surprised by how much you can put the prices down after bargaining successfully.

(Adapted from: <https://www.holidify.com>)

28. The costs of living in Viet Nam are _____.
- | | | | |
|---------|--------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| A. high | B. low | C. exceptionally high | D. of average level |
|---------|--------|-----------------------|---------------------|
29. _____ is an example of street night markets in Viet Nam.
- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. Shopping mall | C. Takashimaya in Ho Chi Minh City |
| B. Ha Noi Night Market | D. Ha Noi Aeon Mall |
30. Takashimaya in Ho Chi Minh City _____.
- | | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| A. was a famous shopping centre | B. offers best traditional products |
| C. is on the outskirts of the city | D. has Japanese and European items to offer |
31. What is CLOSEST in meaning to **quoted prices**?

- A. Prices that customer pay.
 - B. Prices that shops tell customers.
 - C. Prices that are copied.
 - D. Prices that customers want to pay.
32. What should you remember when you shop in Viet Nam?
- A. Go to different shopping centres
 - C. Learn to bargain
 - B. Ask for a discount of 25%
 - D. Pay 25% of the real prices

C. WRITING

Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the sentence before it, using the word(s) given in brackets. Don't change the given word in any way.

33. Hanging out with friends at the shopping mall is my daughter's favourite hobby. (best)

My daughter _____

34. You must read the instructions carefully, or you won't understand how to use this vacuum cleaner properly. (don't)

If _____

35. Although ordering food online is convenient, it can be more expensive and sometimes have delivery delays. (however)

Ordering _____

36. It's a good idea to open a cafeteria in such a crowded street. (should)

You _____

Complete the second sentence with the cues given.

37. Sellers / often try / make / the process of / shopping online / easier / more convenient.

38. Window shopping / one / my favourite activities / travelling / another city.

39. Ha Noi Night Market / must-see place / visitors.

40. Because/ weather/ bad/ yesterday, / they/ decide/ go/ shopping centre/ instead/ open-air market.